EYFS CURRICULUM OUTLINE

Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Getting to know you, Autumn, Little Red Hen, Diwali, Christmas	Winter, Traditional Tales, The Farm	Spring, Lifecycles, Mini-beasts, Summer
Our topics are based on children's interests and needs so are subject to change.	Our topics are based on children's interests and needs so are subject to change.	Our topics are based on children's interests and needs so are subject to change.

	Areas of Learning
Personal Social and Emotional Development	These skills will be taught continually through opportunities within our Continuous provisions, interactions with staff and peers, daily reading and recall of rhymes, songs and stories, small group discussions e.g. circle time.
	 Self-regulation To express how they feel. To understand how another person might be feeling. To control their impulses when necessary. To follow instructions. Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
	 Managing self To attend to their basic needs regarding toileting, hunger and hygiene. To speak to others about own needs. To follow rules and understand the need for them. Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating - toothbrushing - sensible amounts of 'screen time' - having a good sleep routine - being a safe pedestrian.
	 Building relationships To take turns in conversation and play, using language to facilitate this. To communicate with both adults and children in the setting. See themselves as a valuable individual.
Communication and Language	These skills will be taught continually through opportunities within our continuous provisions, interactions with staff and peers, daily reading and recall of rhymes, songs and stories, small group discussions e.g. circle time.



Listening, Attention and Understanding

Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door". Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" Understand how to:

- listen carefully and why listening is important.
- Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them.
- Engaging actively with stories, rhymes, non fiction and poetry
- Respond to questions
- Demonstrate understanding of new vocabulary
- Ask questions or make comments about what they have read, heard or seen.
- Hold a back-and-forth exchange with their peers and teachers.
- Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.

Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.

Speaking

To participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions.

- Practice their spoken skills in a range of activities such as role play, conversations and story telling.
- To know a range of poems, rhymes and stories.
- To demonstrate a growing vocabulary that is influenced by stories heard and books that have been read.
- To use a range of social sentences eg Good morning.
- To speak in full sentences.
- To describe events in detail.
- To use past, present and future tenses.
- To use conjunctions such as 'and', 'but' 'because' etc.

Vocabulary

The 'Clever Concepts' semantics programme is used to develop children's vocabulary. Key words are identified and taught specifically. Use of a 'word tree' highlights vocabulary as a classroom priority.

Intervention

For children who need additional support with language, the Nuffield Early Language Intervention (NELI) programme is currently used as an intervention. Children may also be referred to the speech and language service.

Physical Development	Physical Development is taught through week	ly P.E. sessions and thr	ough daily continuous pr	ovision, especially outdoors.
	Gross Motor		Fine Motor	
	These skills will be taught: rolling, crawling, w running, hopping, skipping, climbing. To develop and refine ball skills including: thr kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.		competently, safely a	tely.
Literacy	 Literacy is taught in a range of ways at Brocks individually each week. There are daily session throughout the year depending on topic them Comprehension Children can sequence the events in a story. Make predictions and suggest how a story might end. Children can answer simple 'What or Why questions' about a story. Knows that information can be retrieved from books/posters. Reading Children enjoy/love listening to and exploring fiction and non-fiction books. Children understand that print has meaning and that it is read from left to 	 ns for reading of stories Comprehension Children can sequatory Make predictions story might end. Children can retered Children are start and forms of speed by their experience Children can answer Why questions' a Knows that inform from books/comp Children understate 	s. Other approaches such uence the events in a and suggest how a Il some familiar stories. ing to use vocabulary ech that are influenced ces of books. ver simple 'What or bout a story. nation can be retrieved puters/posters. and what they have	 as Pie Corbett's Talk for Writing are used Comprehension Children can sequence the events in a story Make predictions and suggest how a story might end. Children can retell some familiar stories. Children are starting to use vocabulary and forms of speech that are influenced by their experiences of books. Children can answer simple 'What or Why questions' about a story. Knows that information can be retrieved from books/computers/posters. Children understand what they have
	right.Children can link some sounds to individual letters.	read. Would be a sentence/word to		read. Would be able to match a sentence/word to a picture.

	 Writing Children will be able to write their own name. Children can break the flow of speech into words. Children can write words using the sounds that they know and will have a go at writing other words. Children will be able to blend and segment CVC words. 	 Reading Children enjoy/love listening to and exploring fiction and non-fiction books. Children understand that print has meaning and that it is read from left to right. Children can link sounds to individual letters and 10 diagraphs. Children can blend and segment words using the sounds that they know. Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Writing Children will be able to write their own name. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly Children can break the flow of speech into words. 	 Reading Children enjoy/love listening to and exploring fiction and non-fiction books. Children understand that print has meaning and that it is read from left to right. Children can link sounds to individual letters and 10 diagraphs. Children can blend and segment words using the sounds that they know. Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter–sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Writing Children will be able to write their own name. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly Children can break the flow of speech into words. Children can write words using the sounds that they know and will have a go at writing other words. Children can write a simple sentence and are may begin to understand finger spaces and full stops.
Mathematics		h discrete maths lessons x4 per week. Maths op as gives children opportunities to discuss capaci • To be able to count forwards and	portunities are available within the
	 To be able to count forwards to 10. To subitise small quantities (below 5). 	• To be able to count forwards and backwards to 10.	To be able to count forwards and backwards to 10.

	 To compare quantities with low cognitive load knowing which has more or fewer. To begin to have a simple understanding of time and use appropriate vocabulary. To explain their reasoning verbally to another peer or adult. Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. To know names of some 2D shapes. To know names of some 3D shapes. Begin to compare length, weight and capacity. 	 To subitise small quantities (up to 5). To begin to demonstrate understanding of the composition of numbers up to 10. To add and subtract confidently using resources. To compare quantities with low cognitive load knowing which has more or fewer. To begin to understand the meaning of, and how to half or double. To have a simple understanding of time and use appropriate vocabulary. To explain their reasoning verbally to another peer or adult. Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. To know names and properties of some 2D shapes. Compare length, weight and capacity. 	 To subitise small quantities. To demonstrate understanding of the composition of numbers up to 10. To add and subtract confidently using resources as needed. To compare quantities with low cognitive load knowing which has more or fewer. To understand the meaning of, and how to half or double. To have a simple understanding of time and use appropriate vocabulary. To explain their reasoning verbally to another peer or adult. Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. To know names and properties of 2D shapes. Compare length, weight and capacity.
Understanding the world	 continuous provision activities such as investig Natural world To describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. To observe and notice differences in seasons. 	 y of ways including direction instruction and exp gations, and participation in celebrations and oc Natural world To describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. To observe and notice differences in seasons. 	 ccasions. Natural world To observe and notice differences in seasons. To describe different sorts of weather. To know names of and begin to describe
	 To describe different sorts of weather. To know names of and begin to describe different animals, reptiles and fish. To observe and notice the natural world around them. To draw pictures of things they notice. To begin to know some ways of keeping healthy. 	 To describe different sorts of weather To know names of and begin to describe different animals, reptiles and fish. To draw pictures of things they notice. To know that we have an ecologically diverse world. 	 different animals, reptiles and fish. To observe and notice the natural world around them. To draw pictures of things they notice. To know that we have an ecologically diverse world.

 To understand the importance of tooth brushing. 	 To experience changing states of matter such as melting, freezing and evaporating. To experience concepts such as floating, sinking and magnetism. To know some ways of keeping healthy. To understand the importance of tooth brushing. 	 To experience changing states of matter such as melting, freezing and evaporating. To experience concepts such as floating, sinking and magnetism. To know some ways of keeping healthy. To understand the importance of tooth brushing.
 Past and present To talk about lives of people around them e.g. their family and lives of those in wider community. To develop an understanding of yesterday, today and tomorrow. To know that they have changed over time from a baby to a toddler to a 4/5 year old. To read stories and look at books and pictures that show life in the past. 	 Past and present To talk about lives of people around them e.g. their family and lives of those in wider community To develop an understanding of yesterday, today and tomorrow. To know life was different in the past. To read stories and look at books and pictures that show life in the past. To understand and use words such as yesterday, tomorrow, today, last week, a long time ago. 	 Past and present To talk about lives of people around them e.g. their family and lives of those in wider community To develop an understanding of yesterday, today and tomorrow. To develop an understanding of the past as time that has gone by. To know life was different in the past. To read stories and look at books and pictures that show life in the past. To understand and use words such as yesterday, tomorrow, today, last week, a long time ago.
 People, Culture and Communities To develop a sense of the immediate world around them through visiting parks, libraries etc. and meeting important members of the community such as dentists, doctors, nurses. To look at books and hear stories about life in other places. To look at maps of their school, their town and the world. Draw information from a simple map e.g. map of Little Red Hen's journey. To know that different there are different types of families. 	 People, Culture and Communities To develop a sense of the immediate world around them through visiting parks, libraries etc. and meeting important members of the community such as dentists, doctors, nurses. To look at books and hear stories about life in other places. To look at maps of their school, their town and the world. Draw information from a simple map e.g. map of Little Red Hen's journey. To know that different there are different types of families. 	 People, Culture and Communities To develop a sense of the immediate world around them through visiting parks, libraries etc. and meeting important members of the community such as dentists, doctors, nurses. To look at books and hear stories about life in other places. To look at maps of their school, their town and the world. Draw information from a simple map e.g. map of Little Red Hen's journey. To know that different there are different types of families.

	 To know that children may have different faiths. Understand that some places are special to members of their community e.g. church, mosque, gurdwara. Visit to the church at Christmas? To know that some families mark festivals and events (Diwali, Hanukkah, Christmas, Eid, Bonfire Night, Remembrance Day) and know how these may be celebrated. To listen to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally diverse world. 	 To know that children may have different faiths. Understand that some places are special to members of their community e.g. church, mosque, gurdwara. Visit to the church at Christmas? To know that some families mark festivals (Vaisakhi, Chinese New Year, Easter, Eid) and know how these may be celebrated. To listen to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally diverse world. 	 To know that children may have different faiths. Understand that some places are special to members of their community e.g. church, mosque, gurdwara. Visit to the church at Christmas? To know that some families mark festivals (Vaisakhi, Eid) and know how these may be celebrated. To listen to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally diverse world.
Expressive Arts and Design	celebrations and occasions. Continuous provi	 g direction instruction and explanation, continue sion ensures daily access to a range of media to bugh singing, listening rhythm and body percuss sessions. To explore and experiment with a wide range of media and materials To safely use a range of tools (scissors, pencils, crayons, paint and paint brushes), media and techniques To experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function Opportunities to see works of art created by others. Opportunities to share their own creations, explaining the processes they have used. Observational drawings of the world around them To explore and experiment with a wide range of media and materials 	make models, paint and draw with. Music is

 To experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function To look at models and structures made by others – junk modelling Frequent opportunities to listen to and talk about different types of music To sing a range of well known songs and rhymes To explore different instruments To move in time with music To talk about loud and quiet To perform songs, rhymes and poems with others. Eg Little Red Hen story and song 	 To safely use a range of tools (knife for buttering and cutting), media and techniques To experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function To look at models and structures made by others Frequent opportunities to listen to and talk about different types of music To sing a range of well known songs and rhymes To know the names of different sorts of musical instruments To explore different instruments To hold a steady beat To perform songs, rhymes and poems with others. To safely use a range of tools (knife for buttering and cutting), media and techniques To safely use a range of tools (knife for buttering and cutting), media and techniques To experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function To look at models and structures made by others Frequent opportunities to listen to and talk about different sorts of musical instruments To explore different instruments To perform songs, rhymes and poems with others.
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Other areas of provision			
Parents as partners and community cohesion	 Activities include: Phonics workshop, Getting Ready to Write workshop, Mathematics workshop, 6Rs workshop Induction meetings, Parents consultations Big Arts week, Wellbeing days, Grandparent Gardening day, Diwali activity, Decorations morning, Story-telling morning, Mothers' Day event, Fathers' Day event, Christmas production. Use of Tapestry to share observations and 'What are we learning?' weekly sheets. 		
6Rs	This area is a continual focus and is embedded through circle time sessions and use of language throughout the provision.		